KNEES TO TOES: WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW
Our legs and feet do a lot for us but often they don’t get the attention they deserve. It’s really important that we keep an eye on our lower legs and feet. Even the smallest change to the way they look or feel can be a sign of something more serious.

We’ve put together this short guide to help you get to know your lower legs and feet – and know when to go and get them checked out at your local health services.

What a leg ulcer can look like

How a cracked heel can look
Get to know what’s normal for you when it comes to your legs and feet. Here are some things to look out for:

- Swelling.
- Sores, ulcers or wounds that are not healing.
- Tired, throbbing and painful legs.
- Varicose veins.
- Dry, itchy and scaly skin.
- Reddish brown staining above the ankle.
- Cramp or pain after walking.
- Hot, inflamed and tender skin.

If you notice any of these, make sure you get your legs and feet checked out at your local health services.
It’s not just your legs and feet that can be affected by leg and foot conditions. They can have a big impact on your everyday life.

Something as simple as a small knock can turn into a non-healing wound or ulcer that can be very painful and affect your ability to do things like go to work or carry out everyday tasks. These wounds can also have a big impact on your mental health and wellbeing.

The good news is that most leg and foot problems can get better if they are seen and treated early.
There are lots of little things we can do to keep our legs and feet healthy. Here are a few ideas to get you started.

**TOP TIPS**

Your skin’s a good indicator of your leg and foot health. Keeping your skin in good condition can also help soothe or prevent some leg conditions.

- Moisturise your legs with an unscented moisturiser every day.
- Check your skin for breaks, cracks and swelling.
- If broken areas are not healing or you notice any changes in the colour or texture of your skin, visit your local health services for advice.
GET MOVING

Move your legs and feet regularly in any way that feels good for you – it’s great for circulation and reducing swelling.

• Try to walk for about 30 minutes at least three times a week.

• If walking is difficult, just move your feet around in circles, then up and down – you can do this sitting down.

• Avoid standing for a long time.

KEEP HEALTHY

There are two big things we can do, not just for our leg and foot health but for our overall health and wellbeing too.

• **Maintain a healthy weight** – carrying extra weight increases the chances of developing problems in your legs and feet and makes swelling worse. Aim to eat a well-balanced diet and get enough exercise.

• **Stop smoking** – smoking decreases the blood flow to the legs and feet and makes healing more difficult. Stopping will help to keep your legs healthy.
CONSIDER COMPRESSION

If you’re prone to swelling in your legs and feet or you have problems with your veins, then compression may be helpful.

• Compression socks or tights are usually worn daily but your healthcare professional will advise you on what’s best for you.

• They might feel a little tight or uncomfortable at first but they shouldn’t hurt. If they do, ask your healthcare professional for a different option of compression or just a different style.

Get the lowdown on leg and foot conditions at legsmatter.org
Take charge of your own leg and foot health by:

• Paying attention to your legs and feet.

• Going to your local health services if things aren’t looking right.

• Demanding better or different care if your leg or foot isn’t getting better.

• Knowing that you are not alone – there is support that exists to help you.

Find out more about the campaign and how you can get involved

legsmatter.org

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